

#### 0.1-5

Read the following passage and answer the questions given after it.

The loudest public food fight right now is about GMOs, or genetically modified organisms. Scientists add genes to corn, soya beans and other plants, usually to protect the crops from insects of herbicides. Those who support this say that the genetic help makes crops casier to grow and cheaper. But many consumers and those who keep an eye on food—safety worry that GMOs pose an unnatural threat to out health and the environment. These opponents say the GMOs have been linked to depression, allergies and even cancer. Unless we have been eating food labelled 100 percent organic — which means that it must be GMO—free—we probably have GMOs in our body system already!

- 1. Adding genes to crops will
  - (1) Help in better crop-research.

(2) Make them resistant to insect attacks.

(3) Make the foods 'organic'.

(4) Give them a stable price in the markets.

Ans. (2)

**Sol.** It is written in second line of passage that scientists add genes to protect the crops from insects.

- 2. The "....loudest public food fight ....." suggests that
  - (1) People do not like the Crop Scicentists.
  - (2) Crop Scientists are almost fighting in the streets.
  - (3) There is a great competition in growing GMOs.
  - (4) There are strong protests against GMOs

Ans. (4)

**Sol.** Last lines of passage making it clear that people are still against of GMO food.

- **3.** Those who support GMOs say that
  - (1) Growing the crops poses may challenges now.
  - (2) They do not protect the fields from insect-attacks.
  - (3) They bring down the prices of the crops.
  - (4) They help in carrying out more experiments with better results.

Ans. (3)

**Sol.** This answer is clear from the line, 'Those who support this say that the genetic help makes crops easier to grow and cheaper'.

- **4.** Those who are opposed to GMOs say that
  - (1) The costs of the crops will not change much in the markets.
  - (2) The pattern of growing and harvesting of crops will change.
  - (3) Such crop–research has been stopped.
  - (4) These crops can cause serious harm to our health.

Ans. (4)

**Sol.** This answer is from the line 'opponents say that GMOs pose an unnatural threat to our health'.

- **5.** 'Organic foods' according to the passage are those are
  - (1) already there is our bodies as GMOs
- (2) grown in well-organised farms

(3) grown free from GMOs

(4) helpful to our body's various organs

Ans. (3)

**Sol.** In last line it is given that Organic food is grown free from GMOs.

#### 6-10 Read the following passage and answer the questions given after it.

'We are living in the golden are of answer'. Of cuurs information is not knowledge or wisdom, and data can mislead. Profusion of online information can be distracting or even useless. Privacy can also be a problem in a digital world where everything you've clicked can be used to sell things to you, evaluate you or embrrass you. Your iphone or computer can provide information to others that you might prefer to keep to yourself. But revolutions always cause some damages. Things do get lost in the ocean of information. We no longer bother to remember stuff we can easily



look up. We don't search for addresses as we use the GPS. We spend rnore time connecting with friends on Facebook than connecting with real friends. Still, pop-up ads, internet fradus and other inconveniences are a small price to pay for instant access to infinite information. Today we have better tools for searching, analysing or evaluting through data than before. And what's most exciting about our age of answers is, its potential to change the quality of our lives.

	the quality of our lives.		
6. Ans.	The passage primarily discusses (1) the advantage of technology (3) the age of technology	(2) criticism of technology (4) the evalution of the pr	os and cons of technology
Sol.	The whole para is describing the good and bad effect	of technology.	
7. Ans.	` '	(4) pop-up ads to provide	et with friends on Facebook information
Sol.	Only ans (3) is giving an appropriate information about	ut golden age .	
8. Ans.	We pay a price for this revolution as we (1) only receive useless information (3) get agitated (4)	<ul><li>(2) forget our identities</li><li>(4) surrender our privacy</li></ul>	
Sol.	As information can be received from anywhere so it is	clear that we have surrende	ered our privacy.
9.	This 'revolution' has brought (1) radical changes to our lives. (3) rotation in our lives.	<ul><li>(2) success in our lives.</li><li>(4) merely problems in ou</li></ul>	r lives.
Ans. Sol.	(1) This is clear by the things which are explained that rev	olution has also caused sor	me damages.
10.	The author's attitude to technology according to this p	passage is	
	(1) not clear. (2) positive.	(3) negative.	(4) insignificant.
Ans. Sol.	Last line of author suggest that he has positive attitude	e towards technology.	
Q. 11	1-15 Read the following passage and answer the are For Abid Surti, Sunday is no day of rest. He is busy goin are in an apartment building in Mumbai's densely populand asks residents the same question, 'Any leaky taps's Surti is a multifaceted 79 year old man. A national award plays and collection of short stories and poems. He is Dead Foundation, his won water conservation NGO the free. With water shortages and the prospects of taps in the describes water wastage in Mumbai. 'In poor familated class families, the problem is one of sheer indifference into action. While visiting a friend's house, Surti saw a dismissed the query, saying it was hard to get a plumb	ng to door volunteering with ulated suburb filled with high was are providing a free seward winning author, he has also an artist and a cartocat caters the buildings in Minunning dry in Mumbai, Sur lies, they can't afford to page. 'Indeed it was the apathy leaking tap and asked why	n rise buildings. He rings doorbells ervice.' s written some 80 books – novels, onist. In 2007, Surti started Drop ra Road, fixing leaky plumbing for ti's work is vital. 'Massive' is how y a plumber but in most middle-of a friend that first spurred Surti it wasn't fixed. His friend casually
11.	Surti's primary mission is to		

**Sol.** Whole passage is suggesting this thing that it is the main motive of Abid Surti to check the wastage of water.

(1) provide free plumbers. (2) check wastage of water (3) supply free water.

Ans. (2)

(4) close running taps.



<b>12</b> .	People may be more willin	ng to accept Surit's services	as he	
	(1) provides services assiste	ed by a plumber.	(2) runs a water conserva	tion NGO.
	(3) is a local person from I	Mumbai.	(4) is on a mission.	
Ans.	<b>(1)</b>			
Sol.		ed because he provides serv	vices assisted by a plumber.	
	1	•	<b>5</b> 1	
<b>13</b> .	Most middle-class families	s' attitude to water conserva	ation is due to their	
	(1) lack of knowledge.	(2) lack of money.	(3) lack of expertise.	(4) lack of concern.
Ans.	· ·	` ,	•	, ,
	• •	nonev but middle class fami	ilies attitude towards water 1	problem is due to lack of concern.
			•	
14.	The work being done by S	Surit is significant because h	e	
	(1) runs an NGO in Mumb		(2) has several skills.	
	(3) is providing plumbing s	ervices.	(4) is solving social proble	ems.
Ans.	(4)			
Sol.	This work is significant beca	ause generally tape leakage	in avoided due to not gettin	g plumber for something so trivial.
	And Surti is doing social se	ervice by solving water prob	olem.	
<b>15</b> .	'spurred into action' mean	ns		
	(1) emboldened to act.	(2) volunteered to act.	(3) keen to act.	(4) encouraged to act.
Ans.	<b>(4)</b>			
Sol.	'Spurred into action mean	ns' to encourage to act som	ething.	
Q. (1				d the last sentences are given.
	Choose the right order	in which the three sente	nces (PQR) $$ should appe	ar to complete the paragraph.
10	C 1 N 11 1 1 1	1 1 . 1	1 .	
16.		re sophisticated and voraci		
	S 2.			
	5 3.			
	S 4			
	S 5. Then it creeps up and	d strikes, ripping the victim	apart with its barbed mand	libles.
	D. Once it has beyond in	on these signals it quitable	its sansaw, saan ta saarah fa	r m alaquia ralagged by the vietim
		nay devour several thousan	=	r molecules released by the victim.
	, ,			10000b on th o oned on otto al.
	by herbivorous insect		ieci chemicais mai pianis re	lease when they are under attack
	Choose from the options g			
	(1) RPQ		(3) QRP	(4) PQR
A		(2) F NQ	(3) QIII	( <del>1</del> ) 1 QII
Ans.	• •	1 11 11 1102:		1 1 1 1111
Sol.	S1 is giving information about ladubugs and 'Q' is giving information what a ladybug can do, so answer will			
	'QRP'.			
17	C.1. Voque o go the hide w	all lease on foods water		it made carbonated beverages.
17.	3 ,		• /	it made carbonated beverages.
	52.			
	5 5.			
	5 4.			
	S 5. They began calling the	ham Ponciales instead and		
		nem ropsicies instead, and	l the treat was patented as s	uch.
	D Ennovement alarmatic	•	-	uch. il he was in the position to make



	absolutely delicious by the morning.				
	R – In 1923, he decided to patent his Epsicles ("Epp's Icicles"), but his children refused to use that anme since none of them called their father Epp.				
	Choose from the options given below:				
		0) DOD	(4) ODD		
	*	3) RQP	(4) QPR		
Ans.					
Sol.	'Q' is linking with S1 because it is providing information	how soda water was inver	nted.		
			_		
Q. (1	18-19) : The following questions have the second se	entence missing. Choos	se the appropriate sentence		
10	from the given option to complete it.	1 • 1 .•1 7 1•			
<b>18</b> .	A. I used to think that boiling an egg would be a simp	ole job until I came to live i	in the Himalayas.		
	B. (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	1 1 1 1 1 2 1			
	C. I don't know if it's the altitude or the density of the v	vater, but it just won't com	e to a boil in time for break fast.		
	1. 2.				
		aa.a.a.t			
	(1) I found that just getting the water to boil was an achie	evement.			
	<ul><li>(2) Boiling an egg in the Himalayas was fascinating.</li><li>(3) I could never find good eggs there.</li></ul>				
	(4) "Were the eggs also too hard?" I wondered.				
1	· ·				
Ans.	· ·	1 + -1:ff:1+f 1-	-:::		
Sol.	<u> </u>	know about difficulty of bo	olling egg when he came to live		
	in the Himalayas.				
10	Λ Ι				
19.	A. Imagine a five-year old composing music and playi	ing on a child-size violin.			
	B. C. He was a young genius who grew up to be one of t	ha most avastiva sampas	ava of all time		
		The most creative composed) It is strange to find such			
		1) This is simply impossibl			
Ans.		+) This is simply impossion	e for us to think of		
	Answer is decided by 'C' as it has 'He' and he will be use	ad for some never that is	given in Angruer '1'		
301.	Answer is decided by C as it has the and he will be use	ed for some person mai is	given in Answer 1		
0 (2	20 – 29) : Choose the word which best fills the blank	k from the four entions	given		
20.			_		
20.	The journey in the run down bus over the pot-holed roa				
	* *	3) roller-coaster	(4) bicycle		
Ans.	, ,				
Sol.	Run down bus is giving hint. Because 'roller coaster' also	gives the same teeling wh	en it comes down.		
<b>21</b> .	The good old Ambassador cars are now considered				
21.			(4) oblivious		
Ans.		o) ooseare	(4) Convious		
	• •				
Sol.	'Obsolete' means no longer produced or out of date.				
<b>22</b> .	The report has been prepared well and hopefully it will be	oeat the	next board meeting.		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		(4) grounded		
Ans.	1.21	,	( /3		
Sol.	Tabled at means to lay (the topic) on the table for consid	loration			
301.	labled at means to lay (the topic) on the table for consid	leration.			
<b>23</b> .	The Talent Search Examination is challenging but not fr	rightening. Why don't you	take a at it ?		
			(4) swipe		
Ans.	1.1		· · · · -		
Sol.	'Take a shot' means to try to do something.				
	/				



24.	(1) authorised	een a figure of(2) authoritative	in our large family. (3) authoritarian	(4) authority
Ans. Sol.	• •	hat is most suitable after 'fig	gure of'	
<b>25</b> .		kitchen, looking old and		
Ans.	(1) healthy <b>(2)</b>	(2) weary	(3) busy	(4) in a hurry
Sol.	• /	come together as she was w	orking in kitchen and she w	as looking rather 'tired (weary)'.
26. Ans.	(1) admission	dto leave th (2) submission	ne country. (3) information	(4) permission
Sol.	• •	formation can not be answe	r. As 'permission' is needed	to leave the country.
27. Ans.	(1) movement	careful before carrying out (2) manoeuvre	a complex(3) motion	(4) moment
Sol.	'manoeuvre' means a movement or series of moves requiring skill and care.			
28.	With the new Managemen (1) thought	nt taking over, there's now a	a bighangi (3) discussion	ng over the Company's future. (4) question mark
Ans. Sol.				
<b>29</b> .	The Coffee Room was (1) amalgamated	into smokii (2) considered	ng and non-smoking areas. (3) segregated	(4) shared
Ans. Sol.	(3) Coffee room was divided	in two areas and 'segregated	d' means also 'to divide'.	
Q.(30-35): Select the meaning of the given phrases/idioms. 30. For want of				
00.	(1) because of lack of (3) desiring something		<ul><li>(2) giving something wanted by another</li><li>(4) because of fulfilling needs</li></ul>	
Ans. Sol.	(1) 'for want of' means 'because of lack of something/resources'.			
31.	Clown around			
	(1) make others feel silly and stupid (2) be an object of ridicule			
Ans.	(3) join a Circus company (4)		(4) behave in a silly way	
Sol.	'Clown around' means 'behave in a funny or silly way'.			
<b>32</b> .	Talk back			
	<ul><li>(1) answer rudely</li><li>(3) talk in a loud voice</li></ul>		<ul><li>(2) talk behind a person's</li><li>(4) reply to the questions a</li></ul>	
Ans.	(1)		(7) reply to the questions of	DICU
Sol.	'Talk back' means 'Reply i	rudely or defiantly'.		



33.	Run into (1) meet someone by char (3) make unexpected purc		(2) start quarrelling (4) run from one place to a	another	
Ans. Sol.	(1) 'Run into' Idiom means 'Collide with' or 'To meet or find someone or something by chance'.				
34. Ans. Sol.	blow one's own trumpet (1) to create music (3) 'Blow one's own trumpet'	(2) to praise someone means 'to boast or praise of	(3) to praise oneself oneself greatly'.	(4) to feel happy	
35. Ans. Sol.	• •		(2) examine someone's ey (4) be cross-eyed agreement' or 'have the sam		
Q.36	In the following passage there are some numbered blanks. Fill in the blanks by selecting the most appropriate word for each blank from the given option.  At Sri Venkateswara Temple in Tirumala, better known as Tirupati, the laddu is next in popularity only to the Lord. The taste and aroma of (36) besan (gram flour) confections – saturated (37) ghee, raisin, nuts cardamon, and (38) camphor – draws millions of devotees (39) this temple town in Andhra Pradesh, (40) for a bite of this holy (41) In 2009, it received international (42) where its was given the unique global (43) i.e. legal protection against imitation.				
36. Ans. Sol.	(1) this (2) here 'laddus' are mention	(2) these ed so 'these' is used.	(3) those	(4) their	
37. Ans. Sol.	(1) from (4) 'saturated' word takes 'wi	(2) of th' preposition with it.	(3) in	(4) with	
38. Ans. Sol.	(1) edible (1) the other things mentione	(2) fine d before this are edible and	(3) light 'camphor' which is used in	(4) pious these laddus is also 'edible'.	
39. Ans. Sol.	(1) with (2) devotees come 'to' this ter	(2) to	(3) for	(4) from	
40. Ans. Sol.	(1) seen (3) All people remain 'eager'	(2) look for a bite.	(3) eager	(4) find	
41. Ans. Sol.	(1) dish (1) 'This holy' is referring to 'o	(2) eat dish of laddus'.	(3) taste	(4) joy	
42. Ans.	(1) taste (2) These laddus have got into	(2) fame	(3) claim	(4) love	



43. Ans. Sol.	(1) index (3) it was given a 'patent'.	(2) quality	(3) patent	(4) reward		
Q.44-	-47 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blanks from the given alternatives.					
44.	Locacted close to Charmievery hue and colour.	·		with shops selling bright in		
	(1) came (4) Laad bazaar in 'filled with	(2) discovered 'shops.	(3) covered	(4) filled		
45. Ans.	(1) familiar <b>(2)</b>	yourself with the rules be (2) familiarize	(3) familiarly	(4) familiarity		
Sol. 46.	We need a verb after 'you should' so 'familiarize' is the only answer.  The child held the bag as tightly as if it were her most possession.					
Ans. Sol.	(1) prize (2) prizy (3) prized (4) prizely (3) 'prized' past participle verb is needed here.					
47. Ans. Sol.	The weakness in their defe (1) dear (2) 'dearly' adverb is describin	ense has already cost them (2) dearly	this season. (3) deary	(4) dearness		
Q.48- 48.	-50 Select the word which i Undertake	means the opposite of th				
Ans. Sol.	(1) recognise (2) being (3) refuse (4) rejoice (3)  'undertake' means 'promise to do something' and opposite of this will be 'refuse'.					
49. Ans. Sol.	<b>(2)</b>	(2) light neavy' and oposite of this w	(3) heavy ill be 'light'.	(4) halved		
50. Ans. Sol.	Miniature (1) manicure (2) 'Miniature' means 'very sn	(2) massive	(3) missive assive (very huge)'.	(4) masculine		

\* \* \* \* \*