

# CLAT Sample Questions

## Reasonable foresee ability and negligence

### Principle :

1. A careless person becomes liable for his negligence when he owed a duty of care to others.
2. A person only has a duty of care to avoid those injuries that are reasonably foreseeable.

### Facts :

As the bus was leaving the platform, Mahender rushed and boarded the bus keeping the door open. Karan, who was standing at the edge of the platform, was hit by the door of the moving bus and injured. Karan claims compensation from Mahender.

Is Mahender liable? Why?

### Choice of Decisions :

1. Mahender is liable.
2. Mahender is not liable.

### Choice of Reasons :

- i. Mahender is liable to Karan for not having taken care to close the door of the moving bus.
- ii. Mahender is not liable to Karan as it was the duty of the conductor of the bus to close the door.
- iii. Mahender is not liable to Karan, as it was the duty of the latter, to take sufficient care, while standing on the platform, as not to expose oneself to such accident harm.
- iv. Mahender is liable because he should have noticed Karan standing at the edge of the platform.

### Choice of Answers:

- (a) 1 (i) (b) 2 (ii) (c) 1 (iv) (d) 2 (iii)

## Most nearly in meaning

Each question below consists of a word, followed by four options. Choose the word that is most nearly the same in meaning to the word in the question:

1. Perfunctory

- (a) perfume (b) cursory (c) perilous (d) despicable

2. Bucolic

- (a) agrarian (b) colic pain (c) bohemian (d) puerile

3. Macerate

- (a) machete (b) ennoble (c) abstain (d) disintegrate

The answers are: 1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (d)