

Series :RLH/1

Code No. 32/1/3

Roll No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Candidates must write the code
on the title page of the answer -

- Please check that this question paper contains **10** printed pages +**3** Maps.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains **30** questions.
- **Please write down the Serial Number of the question before**

SOCIAL SCIENCE

[Time allowed : 3 hours]

[Maximum marks : 100]

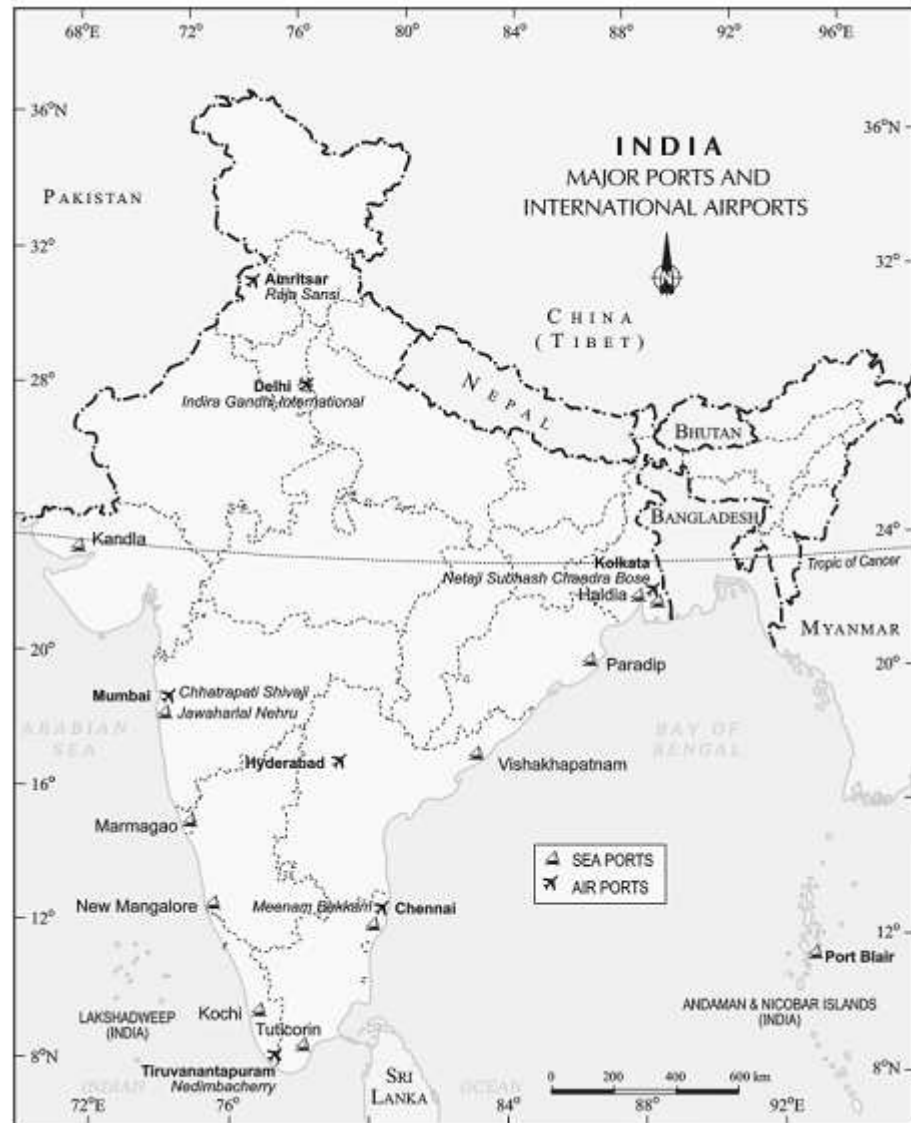
General Instructions:

1. There are 30 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
2. Marks for each question are indicated against the question.
3. Questions from serial number 1 to 10 are 1 mark questions. Answer of these questions may be from one word to one sentence.
4. Questions from serial number 11 to 18 are 3 marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
5. Questions from serial numbers 19 to 28 are 4 marks questions. Answer to these questions should not exceed to 100 words.
6. Question numbers 29 and 30 are map questions. Attach the maps inside your answer book.

1. Name the agency which works for our safety at district level. 1
2. Mention the leading States of India in the production each of Jowar and Bajara. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
3. Mention any **two** important aspects of our lives other than income. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
4. Define the term 'migrant'. 1
5. What are the **two** social divisions of U.S. Society? $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
6. Name the marketing body through which all public-sector undertaking market their steel. 1
7. What is a interest group? 1
8. Define the term 'Mineral Ore'. 1
9. Name the **two** main 'Satyagrah' movements orgained by Mahatma Gandhi successfully in favour of peasants in 1916 and 1917. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
10. What is the main function of 'Indian Armed Forces'? 1
11. Mention **three** main proposals with reference to Non-cooperation Movement, as suggested by Mahatma Gandhi. 3
12. "There is a need for rules and regulations to ensure protection for consumers." Give **two** arguments in support of the statement. $1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2} = 3$
13. How has multi-party system strengthened democracy in India? Explain. 3
14. Study the map given below carefully and answer the questions that follow: $1 + 2 = 3$
- 14.1 Name the two States of the western coast which have major sea ports as well as international airports.
- 14.2 Name the major seaports and international airports of these two States.

Note: The following question is for **BLIND CANDIDATES** only in lieu of Q.NO. 14.

- 14.1 Name the northern most and southern most international airports of India.
- 14.2 Write the names of a eastern most and western most major seaports of India with names of their States. $1 + 2 = 3$.



Note: Below are given **three** groups – A, B and C for questions 15 and 16. Select any **one** group for answering these two questions.

GROUP – A

15. Explain any **three** major problems faced by new European merchants in setting up their industries in towns before the Industrial Revolution. $3 \times 1 = 3$
16. How did silk routes link the world? Explain with **three** suitable examples. $3 \times 1 = 3$

GROUP – B

15. Explain any **three** reasons for which the population of London City expanded over the nineteenth century. $3 \times 1 = 3$
16. How did the British manufactures attempt to take over the Indian market with the help of advertisements? Explain with **three** examples. $3 \times 1 = 3$

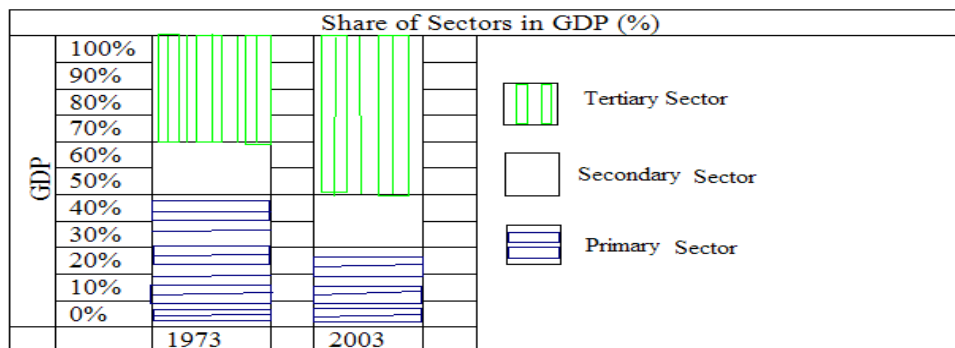
GROUP – C

15. How far was underground railway able to solve transport problems as well as housing crisis in London in nineteenth century? $1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2} = 3$
16. How did the First World War change the economic life of the people in Britain? Explain. $3 \times 1 = 3$
17. Suppose you are the resident of a coastal area. There is a risk from Tsunami. Suggest any **three** measures which you would like to take for your protection. 3.
18. Describe any three points regarding the importance of alternative communication system during disaster. $3 \times 1 = 3$.
19. How did culture play an important role in creating the idea of the nations in Europe? Explain with four examples. $4 \times 1 = 4$

Or

How did the battle against French colonial education become a part of the battle against colonialism and for independence in Vietnam? Explain. 4

20. Study the diagram given below and answer the questions that follow: $1 + 1 + 2 = 4$



- 20.1 Which was the largest producing sector in 1973? Give one reason.
- 20.2 Which was the largest producing sector in 2003? What was its contribution to total G.D.P.?
- 20.3 What was the main reason for the highest increase in G.D.P. in this sector in comparison to other sectors?

Note: The following question is for the **BLIND CANDIDATES** only, in lieu of Q. No. 20.

20. Explain **four** reasons which are responsible for increasing importance of tertiary sector in India.
4 x 1 = 4
21. How does women in India face discrimination and oppression in various ways? Explain with **four** examples.
4 x 1 = 4
22. Why is it necessary to conserve water resources in India? Explain **four** reasons. 4 x 1 = 4
23. Why does the exact balance of power between the Centre and the State Governments vary from one Federation to another? Explain with **two** examples. 2 x 2 = 4
24. What is resource planning? Why is resource planning essential? Explain with **three** reasons.
1 + 3 = 4
25. How are complaints treated as testimony to the success of democracy? Explain with **four** facts.
4 x 1 = 4
26. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below it: 1 + 2 + 1 = 4

‘Dear children, don’t read these novels, don’t even touch them. Your life will be ruined. You will suffer disease and ailments. Why did the good Lord make you – to wither away at a tender age? To suffer in disease? To be despised by your brothers, relatives and those around you? No. No. You must become mothers; you must lead happy lives; this is the divine purpose. You who were born to fulfill this sublime goal, should you ruin your life by going crazy after despicable novels?’

26.1 Mention the source of the above given paragraph.

26.2 Analyse the message given by the writer to children.

26.3 Name the woman social reformer of Calcutta (Kolkata), 1880 – 1932.

OR

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below it: 1 + 1 + 2 = 4

‘Anyone who had seen me reading would have compared me to a man dying of thirst who was gulping down some fresh, pure water ... Lighting my lamp with extraordinary caution, I threw myself hungrily into the reading. An easy eloquence, effortless and animated, carried me from one page to the next without my noticing it. A clock struck off the hours in the silence of the shadows, and I heard nothing. My lamp began to run out of oil and produced only a pale light, but still I read on. I could not even take out time to raise the wick for fear of interrupting my pleasure. How those new ideas rushed into my brain! How my intelligence adopted them!’

26.1 Name the writer of this paragraph.

26.2 How one finds the writer when he is reading?

26.3 Analyse the message given by the writer to the readers.

27. What are the various sources of credit in rural areas? Which one of them is most convenient sources of credit? Why is it most convenient? Give **two** reasons. $1 + 1 + 2 = 4$

28. Explain any **four** ways in which multinational corporations have spread their production and interaction with local producers in various countries across the globe. $4 \times 1 = 4$

29. (i) On the given political outline map of India, the place is shown by no. 1, where Indian National Congress Session was held in 1920. Identify the place and name it on the line draw. 1

(ii) On the same map shade and name the State where the 'No Tax Campaign' was started. 1

30. On the given political outline map of India, **four** geographical features A, B, C and D are marked. Identify these features with the help of the map key and write their correct names on the line marked against each of it in the map. $4 \times 1 = 4$

OR

On the given political outline map of Indian locate and label the following: $4 \times 1 = 4$

(i) Salal – Dam

(ii) Barauni – Thermal Power Station

(iii) Bhadravati – Iron and Steel Plant

(iv) Kakrapar – Nuclear Power Station

Note: The following questions are for **BLIND CANDIDATES** only in lieu of Q. Nos. 29 and 30.

$2 + 4 = 6$

29.1 Name the place where the Indian National Congress Session was held in 1920.

29.2 Name the State where the 'No Tax Campaign' was started.

30.1 Name the State where the Salal Dam is constructed.

30.2 In which State Barauni Thermal Power Station is located?

30.3 Name the State where Bhadravati Iron and Steel Plant is located?

30.4 In which State is Kakrapar Nuclear Power Plant is located?

INDIA Outline Map

