ANSWER KEY - SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER 2022-23

SUBJECT ACCOUNTANCY 055

CLASS XII

S.NO	Question	Marks
	Part A	
	(Accounting for Partnership Firms and Companies)	
1.	a) 41: 7: 12	1
2.	c) Both (A) and (R) are incorrect	1
3.	b) ₹ 4 per share	1
	OR	
	d) Non – Redeemable Debentures	
4.	a) Samiksha's Capital A/c. Dr. 9,000	1
	To Arshiya's Capital A/c. 6,000	
	To Divya's Capital A/c 3,000	
	Or	
	d) Share of Loss Sohan –₹ 1,180 Mohan – ₹ 1,770	
5.	d) ₹ 3,00,000	1
6.	c) 6%	1
	OR	
	b) 5%	
7.	c) ₹ 30,000	1
8.	d) ₹70,500	1
	Or	
	d) A ₹ 50,000; B ₹ 50,000 and C ₹ 50,000	
9.	c) ₹ 36,000	1
10.	a) ₹1,80,000	1
11.	c) (iii) ; (ii) ; (iv)	1
12.	b) ₹ 21,000	1
13.	b) Providing for Premium payable on Redemption of Debentures.	1
14.	c) ₹ E0 000	1
14.	c) ₹ 50,000	1
15.	d) 5,000	1
	Or	-
	d) 12% p.a	
16.	d) ₹ 30,000 (loss)	1
17	Journal Entry	3
	Date Particulars L.F. Dr. Cr.	(1 + 2)
	Amount Amount	, ,
L		



			OOMNTOE	י עוע	. Itom	- 11(נטט	90.77		БСР	<u> </u>	···	<u>, </u>		
	1.02.2	22 Profit	and Loss	Suspen	se A/c		D	r.		30,0	000				
		Т	o Sara's C	Capital A	·/c							30,000	0		
		(Bein	g Sara's s	share o	f profit	allo	we	d till							
		the d	ate of her	death)											
	Workir	ngs: Pr	ofit %	to	sales	tur	nov	ver f	or	the	e ye	ar ei	nded	31 st	
			20,000/10												
	Estima	ted sales	for the ye	ear end	ed 31 st I	Marc	h,2	.022=₹	10,0	00,00	0+20%	of ₹ 10	0,00,0	000 = ₹	
	12,00,0	000													
	Estima	ted sales	till 01st Fe	bruary,	2022 = =	₹ 12,0	00,	000 x 10	0/1	2 = ₹	10,00,0	000			
	Profit p	percentag	ge 12-2=10	0%											
	Profit a	amount ti	ll 01 st Feb	ruary, 2	022 = 1	0% o	f₹	10,00,0	00	= ₹ 1,	00,000)			
	Sara's	share of p	orofit till 1	st Febru	ary,202	2= <u>1,</u>	,00,	.000 X 3	<u>=</u>	₹ 30,	000				
							10								
18			oss Approp						st Ma	arch, 2		Cr.]		3
	Partic		<u> </u>	Amo	unt (₹)			ılars		• '		unt (₹)			(1/2 x6)
		erest on	•		0.000	Ву Р	Prof	fit and I	_OSS	s A/c	1,3	38,000			
		's Curren	-		9,000										
		l's Currer	•		4,500										
	l I	n's Currer	-		4,500										
			urrent A/c	:											
	Amay Anmo		,000												
	Rohar),000 ',000**	1	20,000										
	KUITAI	1 27	,000		38,000						1 :	88,000			
		** Guara	ntee met								<u> 1,</u>	<u> </u>			
		Guara	ince met	101 9 111	onitins.	О	ır								Or
					lo	urnal		itrv							Oi
	Date	Particula	ars		30		F	Debit ((₹)	Crec	dit (₹)				3
	(i)		apital A/c		Г	r.	-••	52,0		Cicc	110 (1)				(1+2)
	(.,		anish's Ca			·		32,0	00	١.,	4,000				(/
			chin's Cap	-							8,000				
			nent entry	•	4)					•	,,,,,,				
		(to joint		, passes	- /	<u> </u>									
	Workir	ng Notes													
	Particu	lars	Aja		Ma	nish		Sa	chin			Firm			
			Dr.	Cr.	Dr.	Cr.		Dr.	Cr	r.	Dr.	Cr.			
	Profits back	taken	1,00,000		60,000			40,000				2,00	,000		
	Interes	t on		48,000		64,0	000		88	3,000	2,00,00	00			
	Capital														
	credite	ed .	4.00.000	40.000	60.000	64.0		40.000	-		2 2 2 2 2		222		
			1,00,000 52,000	48,000 (Dr.)	60,000 4.000	64,0 (Cr.)		40,000 48,00		3,000 Cr.)	2,00,00	00 2,00	,000		
19.				· ·/	•			ony Ltd.	•	,		ı			3
					Jou	ırnal	<u>En</u> t	ries							
	Date	Particula	ars					L	F	Debi	t (₹)	Credit	(₹)		



		DOWNLOADED FROM : Https:	/ / C.	beper ca.	2 1 0 0 111 /		
	(i)	Assets A/c Dr.		23,50,000			
		Goodwill A/c Dr.		50,000			
		To Liabilities A/c		30,000	6,00,000		
		To Mithoo Ltd. A/c			18,00,000		
		(Business purchased of Mithoo Ltd.					
		comprising of Assets and Liabilities)					
	(ii)	Mithoo Ltd. A/c Dr.		18,00,000			
		Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c Dr.		3,00,000			
		To 9% Debentures A/c		3,00,000	20,00,000		
		•					
		To Premium on Redemption of			1,00,000		
		Debentures A/c					
		(Debentures issued to Mithoo Ltd. at	:				
		Discount, redeemable at Premium)					
		OR	•	•	•	·	
		Books of Random I	₋td.				
		Journal Entries					
	Date	Particulars	L.F	Debit (₹)	Credit (₹)		
	(i)	Assets A/c Dr.		45,00,000	, ,		
	(-)	To Liabilities A/c		10,00,000	6,40,000		
		To Mature Ltd. A/c			36,00,000		
		To Capital Reserve A/c			2,60,00		
		(Business purchased of Mithoo Ltd.					
		comprising of Assets and Liabilities)					
	(ii)	Mature Ltd. A/c Dr.		36,00,000			
		To Bank A/c			1,50,000		
		To 12% Preference Share Capital A/c			30,00,000		
		To Securities Premium A/c			4,50,000		
		(Debentures issued to Mithoo Ltd. at			4,50,000		
		•					
		Discount, redeemable at Premium)	200				
		No. of Shares = 34,50,000/115 = 30	,000 s	snares @ 10	0 + 15 each		
20.		Journal Entry		Т	Г	1	3
Sol	Date	Particulars	L.F.	Dr.	Cr.		(1+2)
				Amount	Amount		
	1.4.20	Nobita's Capital A/c Dr.		26,667			
		To Doremon's Capital A/c			26,667		
		(Being goodwill adjusted at the time of			•		
		change in profit sharing ratio)					
	Workir						
		igs. Calculation of gaining ratio and sacrificing ratio	٦.				
	(1)			ifico)			
		Doremon's gain or sacrifice = $3/6-2/6=1/6$	(Saci	ince)			
		Shinchan's gain or sacrifice = 2/6-2/6 =0					
		Nobita's gain or sacrifice = $1/6 - 2/6 = -1/6$	(gain)			
	(ii)	Calculation of goodwill:					
	1						

		DOWNLOA	DED FRO	OM : https:/	/cbse	portal.	com/	
			CALC	CULATIONOF NORM	1AL PRC	FIT		
	Year Ended	l Pro	ofit/ Loss	Adjustments		Normal P	rofit	
	31 st March		50,000				50,000	
	31 st March		1,20,000				20,000	
	31 st March		1,80,000				30,000	
	31 st March	,2022	(70,000)	50,000-10,000		-	0,000)	
	Total	5 6:				3,2	20,000	
		its = Total No = 3,20,000	rmal Profi /4 = 80,00	ears Purchase ts/Number of year 00	S			
	A's share of g	oodwill= 1,60	0,000 X 1/	6= ₹26,667				
21.				Books of Altaur Ltd				4
			ı	e Sheet (Extract) a	1		٦	(1+3)
	Particulars		Note No.	Current Year (₹)	Previo	us Year (₹)		
	EQUITY AND							
		lers' Funds	1	62.25.000		NII		
	Share C	арітаі	1	63,25,000		Nil	-	
	25,00,000 1,50,000 S	Capital Share Capital Equity Share 9% Preferenc Capital	es @ ₹ 10 e e Shares @	ຼີງ ₹ 100 each	2,50 1,50 4,0 0	ount (₹) 0,00,000 0,00,000 0,00,000		
	1 1	Equity Shares	s @ ₹ 10 e	ach	80	0,00,000		
	(i) Subsc (ii) Subsc 8,00,0	Share Capital cribed and Fu cribed but no 000 Equity Sh s in Arrears*	t Fully Paid ares @ ₹	d up		3,25,000		
22.		Journal Ent	ries in the F	Books of Charu, Dhw	ani. Ikno	or and Paavi	 ni	4
- -	Date	Joannai Liit	Particul		L.F.	Dr.	Cr.	
	(i)	Dhwani's Lo To Bank A To Realisa (Dhwani's La	A/c ation A/c	Dr. ,000 settled at ₹		Amount 50,000	42,000 8,000	
		42,000)	011 01 (00	,000 belieu ui X				



40,000

40,000

Dr.

(ii)

Paavni's Loan A/c

To Realisation A/c

			DOWNLOADED FROM : https:/	/ CE	se _]	porta.	L.Com/		
			(Paavni's Loan of ₹ 40,000 settled by						
			giving an unrecorded asset)						
		(iii)	Realisation A/c Dr.			60,0	00		
			To Loan to Charu A/c				60,00	00	
			(Loan to Charu was settled by payment to						
			Charu's brother Loan)						
		(iv)	Iknoor's Loan A/c Dr.			80,0	00		
			To Realisation A/c				60,00		
			To Bank A/c				20,00	00	
			(Iknoor's Loan of ₹ 80,000 and						
			Machinery was given as part payment and						
			rest through bank)						
23.			Books of OTUA Ltd	i.					6
		1	Journal Entries	T				7	
	Date	Partio		L.F	1	bit (₹)	Credit (₹)		
	(i)		A/c Dr.		34	,00,000			
			Equity Share Application A/c				34,00,000		
			ication money received on 85,000						
		share	,						
	(ii)	1 -	y Share Application A/c Dr.		34	,00,000			
			Equity Share Capital A/c				24,00,000		
			Equity Share Allotment A/c				6,00,000		
			Bank A/c				4,00,000		
			ication money transferred to share						
			al, share allotment and refunded)						
	(iii)	1 -	y Share Allotment A/c Dr.		51	,00,000			
			Equity Share Capital A/c				36,00,000		
			Securities Premium A/c				15,00,000		
		•	ment due on 60,000 shares with						
		Prem	,						
	(iv)		A/c Dr.			,00,000			
			in Arrears A/c Dr.		3,	,00,000			
			Equity Share Allotment A/c				45,00,000		
		• •	ment received on 56,000 shares)						
	(v)		y Share Capital A/c Dr.			,00,000			
			rities Premium A/c Dr.		1,	,00,000			
			Share Forfeited A/c				2,00,000		
			Calls in Arrears A/c				3,00,000		
		(4,00	O shares forfeited for non-payment of						
		allotr	nent money)						
		Bank	A/c Dr.		2,	,40,000			
		Share	e Forfeited A/c Dr.			60,000			
		То	Equity Share Capital A/c				3,00,000		
		(3,00	0 shares re-issued @ ₹ 80 per share)		L				
		Share	e Forfeited A/c Dr.			90,000			
		То	Capital Reserve A/c				90,000		



(Gain	on	re-issue	of	forfeited	shares		
transfe	erred	to capital	rese	rve)			

OR

Books of Vikram Ltd. Journal Entries

(i)

Date	Particulars	L.F	Debit	Credit
Date	Particulars	L.F		
			(₹)	(₹)
(i)	Share Capital A/c Dr.		50,000	
	To Share Forfeited A/c			18,000
	To Calls in Arrears A/c			32,000
	(5,000 shares forfeited for non-payment of			
	allotment and call money)			
(ii)	Bank A/c Dr.		36,000	
	To Share Capital A/c			30,000
	To Securities Premium A/c			6,000
	(3,000 shares re-issued @ ₹ 12 per share)			
(iii)	Share Forfeited A/c Dr.		10,800	
	To Capital Reserve A/c			10,800
	(Gain on re-issue of forfeited shares transferred			
	to capital reserve)			

(ii)

Books of Ratan Ltd. Journal Entries

Date	Particular	L.F	Debit	Credit
			(₹)	(₹)
	Share Capital A/c Dr.		21,000	
	To Share Forfeited A/c			15,000
	To Calls in Arrears A/c			6,000
	(3,000 shares forfeited for non-payment of first			
	call money)			
	Bank A/c Dr.		20,000	
	To Share Capital A/c			20,000
	(2,000 shares re-issued @ ₹ 10 per share)			
	Share Forfeited A/c Dr.		10,000	
	To Capital Reserve A/c			10,000
	(Gain on re-issue of forfeited shares transferred			
	to capital reserve)			

24.	Dr.	Revalua	tion Accou	nt	Cr.	6
		Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount	
			(₹)		(₹)	
	To Partner	r's Capital A/c:		Plant and Machinery	14,000	
	X	19,200		Buildings A/c	11,000	



		K 7				- ROM												
		Y		<u>1</u>	2,800	<u>'</u>	32,	,000			ions fo	or Dou	ıbtīui					
									De	bt <i>F</i>	A/c					7,000	_	
							<u>32,</u>	000							<u>3</u>	32,000	<u> </u>	
		Dr.				Partner	's Ca	pital	Acc	our	nts				(Cr.		
		articular			Y	Z		Partic			У		Y	Z				
		Current			24,000			ince b/	d		1,19	,000	1,12,00					
	Bala	ince c/d	1,0	8,000 1,	,12,000	56,000		k A/c Curren	t A/c		8	,400	5,60	- 56,0 0				
							Gen	eral Re	serve			,400	5,60		_			
								aluatio				,200	12,80	0	—			
			1.6	8,000 1.	,36,000	56,000	XS	Curren	t A/c		1,68	000	1,36,00	0 56,0	000			
			1,0	0,000	,50,000	20,000					1,00	,000	1,50,00	0 50,0	.00			
			•	·		•	(OR										
		Dr.				Reva	luatio	on A/	С					Cr.				
			Particu	ılars		Amount	(₹)	Pa	arti	cula	ars	Amo	unt (₹)				
		.	–	1 . 0 . 1 =			100											
			ion for Dou		ebts	•	400	By I	Buil	ding	g A/c		7,00	00				
		Partne	r's Capital A		20													
	P			3,30														
	Q R			2,2 1,1		6	600											
	I			1,1	00		000						7,00	0				
		Dr.				Partner	_	nital	Δοσ	Our	nte		7,00	0		Cr.		
		•	4. 1	D	1 4	ı												
			ticulars	P	(`	<u>R</u>		arti			P	00 1	$\frac{\mathbf{Q}}{\mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{Q}}$		<u>R</u>		
			will A/c t & Loss	13,500 600		$\frac{-}{400}$ 4,	,500 200	Bala			u n A/c	15,0 3,3		0,000 2,200		,000 ,100		
		Cash	. & LUSS			800	200	Goo				9,0		6,000		,000		
		Q's L	oan			000					t A/c),o -				,900		
		_	urrent A/c	1,900	,			10.5	Cui	1011					_	,,,,,,		
			ice c/d	11,300		11.	,300											
				27,300			,000					27,3	00 1	8,200	16	,000		
25.						le le	าแทว	l Entri	ies									6
25.	Da	<u> </u>	Particula	rc		30	Juilla	LIICI	L.F	<u>. T</u>	Dr.		Cr.					O
	Da	le	Particula	15					L.F		Di. Amou	ınt		ount				
	20:	10	Profit and	4 Loce 9	ucno	nso A /c		Dr.		- -		0,000		ount				
		ie 30		Capital	•	iise Ayc		DI.			1,20	,,000		,20,0	20			
	Jui	ie 30	(Being sh	-	-	fit provi	hahi	+ill						.,20,0				
			the date				lueu	CIII										
	Dr.		The date	or mo u		Execut	ors A	\/c							r.			
	Dat	e	Particulars		J.F.	Amount		Date		Pa	rticula	rs	J.F.	Amo				
	201							2019										
	Jun	e 30	Furniture A	./c		2,40,00		lune 3	80	A's	s Capita	al A/c		8,4	0,00	0		
	202							2020										
	Ma	r.31	Balance c/c	t l		6,27,00		Mar.3	1	Int	erest A	A/c	1	_	7,00			
1						8,67,00	00							8,6	7,00	0		



	2020			2020			
	June 30	Bank A/c	2,36,000	Apr. 1	Balance b/d	6,27,000	
	2021			June 30	Interest A/c	9,000	
	Mar. 31	Balance c/d	4,18,000	2021			
				Mar. 31	Interest A/c	18,000	
			6,54,000			6,54,000	
	2021			2021			
	June 30	Bank A/c	2,24,000	Apr. 1	Balance b/d	4,18,000	
	2022			June 30	Interest A/c	6,000	
	Mar. 31	Balance c/d	2,09,000	2022			
				Mar. 31	Interest A/c	9,000	
			4,33,000			4,33,000	
	2022			2021			
	June 30	Bank A/c	2,12,000	Apr. 1	Balance b/d	2,09,000	
				June 30	Interest A/c	3,000	
			2,12,000			2,12,000	
26			D L C - L -	- 1.1. 2.4/	July 1 and		

26. Books of Health2Wealth Ltd.

(2+2+2)

a)	Journal Entries			
Date	Particulars	L.F	Debit (₹)	Credit (₹)
(i)	Bank A/c Dr.		55,00,000	
	To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c			55,00,00
	(Application money received)			
(ii)	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr.		55,00,000	
	Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c Dr.		10,00,000	
	To 8% Debentures A/c			50,00,000
	To Securities Premium A/c			5,00,000
	To Premium on Redemption of Debentures A/c			10,00,000
	(Debenture issued at premium, to be redeemed at			
	premium)			

b)

Dr. Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c Cr.

Date	Particulars		Amount (₹)	Date	Particulars	Amount (₹)
2021 1 Oct.	To Premium Redemption Debentures	on of	10,00,000	2022 31 Mar.	By Securities Premium A/c By Statement of Profit and Loss A/c	7,80,000
			10,00,000			10,00,000

c) Journal Entries

Date	Particulars	L.F	Debit (₹)	Credit
				(₹)
31	Debenture Interest A/c Dr.		2,00,000	
Mar.	To Debentureholders A/c			2,00,000
2022	(Interest due on debentures)			
31	Debentureholders A/c Dr.		2,00,000	



Mar.	To Bank A/c		2,00,000	
2022	(Interest paid to debentureholders)			
31	Statement of Profit and Loss Dr.	2,00,000		
Mar.	To Debenture Interest A/c		2,00,000	
2022	(Interest on Debentures charged to			
	Statement of Profit and Loss)			

Part B :- Analysis of Financial Statements Option -I

Activities also	Or	dinary Item and Inflow under Investing	1
o) 3 times d) Subtracted under Operating Act Activities also c) Added ₹ 1,30,000 under Operat	Or	dinary Item and Inflow under Investing	
d) Subtracted under Operating Act Activities also c) Added ₹ 1,30,000 under Operat	Or	dinary Item and Inflow under Investing	
Activities also c) Added ₹ 1,30,000 under Operat	Or	dinary Item and Inflow under Investing	1
•	•		
•	ing Activities as L		
and Inflow of ₹ 18,00,000 under Fi		oss on Issue of Debentures written off	
	nancing Activities	S	
o) ₹ 1,02,000			1
Item	Heading	Sub – Heading	3
(i) Current maturities of long	Current	Short term borrowings	
term debts	Liabilities		
(ii) Furniture and Fixtures	Non – Current	Property, Plant and	
	Assets	Equipments and Intangible	
		Assets	
		Property, Plant and	
		Equipments	
(iii) Provision for Warranties	Non – Current	Long Term Provisions	
	Liabilities		
(iv) Income received in advance	Current	Other Current Liabilities	
	Liabilities		
(v) Capital Advances	Non – Current	Long Term Loans and	
	Assets	Advances	
(vi) Advances recoverable in	Current Assets	Short Term Loans and	
cash within the operation cycle		Advances	
	(i) Current maturities of long term debts (ii) Furniture and Fixtures (iii) Provision for Warranties (iv) Income received in advance (v) Capital Advances (vi) Advances recoverable in cash within the operation cycle	(ii) Current maturities of long term debts (iii) Furniture and Fixtures (iii) Provision for Warranties (iv) Income received in advance (v) Capital Advances (vi) Advances recoverable in cash within the operation cycle Current Liabilities Current Assets Current Assets	(i) Current maturities of long term debts (ii) Furniture and Fixtures Non – Current Assets Property, Plant and Equipments (iii) Provision for Warranties (iv) Income received in advance (v) Capital Advances (vi) Advances recoverable in cash within the operation (iv) Income received in advance (iv) Income received in advance (iv) Advances Current Liabilities (vi) Advances Short Term Loans and Advances Short Term Loans and Advances



Two Other Limitations (Any two of the following, with suitable explanation) (a) Limitations of Accounting Data (b) Ignores Price-level Changes (c) Ignore Qualitative or Non-monetary Aspects (d) Forecasting 33. Return on Investment = EBIT / Capital Employed x 100 4 $= 15,00,000/1,20,00,000 \times 100 = 12.5\%$ Capital Employed = 12% Preference Share Capital + Equity Share Capital + Reserves and Surplus + 15% Debentures + 10% Bank Loan = 30,00,000 + 40,00,000 + 10,00,000 + 20,00,000 + 20,00,000 =₹ 1,20,00,000 EBIT = Profits after Tax + Tax + Interest = 6.00,000 + 4.00,000 + 5.00,000 = ₹ 15,00,000Net Assets Turnover ratio = Revenue from Operations/Capital Employed = 3,60,00,000/1,20,00,000 = 3 times Ratio will improve. Reason – Capital Employed will decrease and Debt will remain (i) (ii) Ratio will remain same. Reason - Both Debt and Capital Employed will remain same. (iii) Ratio will decline. Reason - Debt will decrease but Capital Employed will remain (iv) Ratio will decline. Reason - Capital Employed will increase but Debt will remain same. 34. 1. Net Profit before tax and extraordinary items=Net Profit for the year+ Interim Dividend + Loss of 6 assets due to fire + Provision for Tax + Proposed Dividend - Insurance claim received for Loss due (1.5+1.5+ to Fire – Tax refund = 7,50,000 + 90,000 + 20,000 + 80,000 + 1,60,000 - 10,000 - 20,000 = ₹1+ 10,70,000 1+ 2. Operating profit before working capital changes= Net Profit before tax and extraordinary items 1) + Adjustments for non-cash and non-operating expenses and goodwill amortised - Adjustments for non-cash and non-operating incomes = 10,70,000 + 40,000 + 70,000** - 30,000 = 11,50,000** Goodwill amortised = Opening goodwill + Goodwill purchased - Closing goodwill 3. Cash flow from Investing Activities = Interest on Non-Current Investments + Insurance claim for loss of assets due to fire - Purchase of Investments - Purchase of Machinery - Goodwill purchased = 30,000 + 10,000 - 1,00,000 - 1,60,000 - 20,000 = ₹ (2,40,000) Outflow 4. Cash flow from Financing Activities: Raise of Bank overdraft - Interim Dividend Paid - Final Dividend paid = 50,000 - 90,000 - 1,60,000 = ₹ (2,00,000) Outflow 5. Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash in Hand + Investment in Marketable Securities = 2,00,000 + 1,50,000 = 3,50,000 **Part B :- Computerised Accounting**





	(Option – II)	
27.	a) PMT (rate, nper, pv, [fv], [type])	1
	Or	
	a) Design, Layout, Format	
28.	d) =AND (C4<10, D4,100)	1
20	-) CUMA A N/SDA CS	
29.	a) SUM and AVERAGE Or	1
	c) [Home]	
30.	(b) Financial	1
31.	Types of Accounting Vouchers	3
	(i) Contra Vouchers	
	(ii) Payments Vouchers	
32.	(iii) Receipt Vouchers The points to be considered before making investment in a database: (any three)	3
32.	(i) What all data is to be stored in the database?	3
	(ii) Who will capture or modify the data, and how frequently the data will be modified?	
	(iii) Who will be using the database, and what all tasks will they perform?	
	(iv) Will the database (backend) be used by any other frontend application?	
	(v) Will access to database be given over LAN/ Internet, and for what purposes?	
22	(vi) What level of hardware and operating system is available?	4
33.	Features of computerized accounting system:	4
	(i) Simple and integrated.	
	(ii) Transparency and control.	
	(iii) Accuracy and speed.	
	(iv) Scalability. (v) Reliability	
	(v) Reliability Or	
	Uses of conditional formatting:	
	(i) It helps in making needed information highlighted.	
	(ii) It changes the appearance of cells ranges.	
	(iii) Colour scale may be used to highlight cells .	
	(iv) useful in making decision making.	
34.	Two basic methods of charging depreciation are:	6
J -1 .	Straight line method: This method calculates fixed amount of depreciation every year which is	J
	calculated keeping in view the useful life of assets and its salvage value at the end of its useful life.	
	Written down value method: This method uses current book value of the asset for computing the	
	amount of depreciation for the next period. It is also known as declining balance method	
	Differences:	
	Equal amount of depreciation is charged in straight line method. Amount of depreciation	
	2. Equal amount of depreciation is charged in straight line method. Amount of depreciation	



goes on decreasing every year in written down value method.

- 2. Depreciation is charged on original cost in straight line method. The amount is calculated on the book value every year.
- 3. In straight line method the value of asset can come to zero but in written down value method this can never be zero.
- 4. Generally rate of depreciation is low in case of straight line method but it is kept high in case of written down value method.
- 5. It is suitable for assets in which repair charges are less and the possibility of obsolescence is less. It is suitable for the assets which become obsolete due to changes in technology.

