Class XII Computer Science - OLD (283) Sample Question Paper 2019-20

Time allowed: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

General Instructions:

- (a) All questions are compulsory.
- (b) Programming Language with C++
- (c) In Question 2(b, d),3 and 4 has internal choices.

Q. No.	Part	Question Description	Marks
1	(a)	Write the type of C++ Operators (Arithmetic, Logical, and Relational Operators) from thefollowing: (i) !(ii) !=(iii) &&(iv) %	(2)
	(b)	Observe the following program very carefully and write the name of those header file(s), which are essentially needed to compile and execute thefollowing program successfully: void main() { char text[20], newText[20]; gets(text); strcpy(newText,text); for(int i=0;i <strlen(text);i++) if(text[i]="='A')" puts(text);="" td="" text[i]="text[i]+2;" }<=""><td>(1)</td></strlen(text);i++)>	(1)
	(c)	Rewrite the following C++ code after removing any/all Syntactical Error(s) with each correction underlined. Note: Assume all required header files are already being included in the program. #define float PI 3.14 void main() { float R=4.5,H=1.5; A=2*PI*R*H + 2*PIpow(R,2); cout<<'Area='< <a<<endl; td="" }<=""><td>(2)</td></a<<endl;>	(2)

```
Find and write the output of the following C++ program code:
(d)
                                                                                     (3)
       Note: Assume all required header files are already being included in
       the program.
       void main( )
              int Ar[] = \{6, 3, 8, 10, 4, 6, 7\};
              int *Ptr = Ar, I;
              cout<<++*Ptr++ << '@';
              I = Ar[3] - Ar[2];
              cout << ++*(Ptr+I) << '@' << "\n";
              cout<<++I + *Ptr++ << '@';
              cout<<*Ptr++ <<'@'<< '\n';
              for(; I >= 0; I -= 2)
                   cout<<Ar[I] << '@';
       Find and write the output of the following C++ program code:
                                                                                     (2)
(e)
       typedef char STRING[80];
       void MIXNOW(STRING S)
         int Size=strlen(S);
         for(int I=0;I<Size;I+=2)
                     char WS=S[I];
                     S[I]=S[I+1];
                     S[I+1]=WS;
              for (I=1;I<Size;I+=2)
              if (S[I] \ge "M" \&\& S[I] \le "U")
                     S[I]='@';
       void main()
        STRING Word="CBSEEXAM2019";
        MIXNOW(Word);
        cout<<Word<<endl;
       Observe the following program and find out, which output(s) out of (i) to
(f)
                                                                                     (2)
       (iv) willbe expected from the program? What will be the minimum and the
       maximum value assigned to the variable Alter?
       Note: Assume all required header files are already being included in the
       program.
              void main( )
                     randomize();
                     int Ar[]=\{10,7\}, N;
```

	_		
		int Alter=random(2) + 10;	
		for (int C=0;C<2;C++)	
		{ N 1 (2)	
		N=random(2);	
		cout< <ar[n] +alter<<"#";<="" td=""><td></td></ar[n]>	
		}	
		}	
		(i) 21#20# (ii) 20#18#	
		(iii) 20#17# (iv) 21#17#	
2	(a)	What is a copy constructor? Illustrate with a suitable C++ example.	(2)
2		what is a copy constructor: mustrate with a suitable C++ example.	(2)
	(b)	Write the output of the following C++ code. Also, write the name of feature	(2)
		of Object Oriented Programming used in the following program jointly	. ,
		illustrated by the Function 1 to Function 4.	
		void My_fun () // Function 1	
		{	
		for (int I=1; I<=50; I++) cout<< "-";	
		cout< <end1;< td=""><td></td></end1;<>	
		}	
		void My_fun (int N) // Function 2	
		{	
		for (int I=1; I<=N; I++) cout<<"*";	
		cout< <end1;< td=""><td></td></end1;<>	
		}	
		void My_fun (int A, int B) // Function 3	
		{	
		for (int I=1. ;I<=B ;I++) cout < <a*i ;<="" td=""><td></td></a*i>	
		cout< <end1;< td=""><td></td></end1;<>	
		cout chai,	
		void My_fun (char T, int N) // Function 4	
		Void Wry_run (chai 1, mt N) // Tuncuon 4	
		for (int I=1; I<=N; I++) cout< <t;< td=""><td></td></t;<>	
		cout< <end1;< td=""><td></td></end1;<>	
		}	
		void main ()	
		int V_7 V_4 7 2.	
		int X=7, Y=4, Z=3;	
		char C='#';	
		$My_{fun}(C,Y);$	
		$My_{fun}(X,Z)$;	
		}	
		OR	
		(b) Write any four differences between Constructor and Destructor function	
		with respect to object oriented programming.	
		with respect to object offented programming.	

	Define a class Ele_Bill in C++ with the following descriptions:	(4)
	Private members:	
	Cname of type character array	
	Pnumber of type long	
	No_of_units of type integer	
	Amount of type float.	
	Calc_Amount() This member function should calculate the amount as No_of_units*Cost.	
	Amount can be calculated according to the following conditions:	
	No_of_units Cost	
	First 50 units Free	
	Next 100 units 0.80 @ unit	
	Next 200 units 1.00 @ unit	
	Remaining units 1.20 @ unit	
	Public members:	
	* A function Accept() which allows user to enter Cname,	
	Pnumber, No_of_units and invoke function Calc_Amount().	
	* A function Display() to display the values of all the data members	
	on the screen.	
(d)	Answer the questions (i) to (iv) based on the following:	(4)
	class Faculty {	
	class Faculty {	
	class Faculty { int FCode;	
	class Faculty { int FCode; protected:	
	class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20];	
	class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public:	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty();</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter();</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter(); void Show();</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter(); void Show(); }; class Programme {</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter(); void Show(); }; class Programme</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter(); void Show(); }; class Programme {</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter(); void Show(); }; class Programme { int PID; protected: char Title[30];</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter(); void Show(); }; class Programme { int PID; protected: char Title[30]; public:</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter(); void Show(); }; class Programme { int PID; protected: char Title[30]; public: Programme();</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter(); void Show(); }; class Programme { int PID; protected: char Title[30]; public: Programme(); void Commence(); }</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter(); void Show(); }; class Programme { int PID; protected: char Title[30]; public: Programme();</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter(); void Show(); }; class Programme { int PID; protected: char Title[30]; public: Programme(); void Commence(); void View(); };</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter(); void Show(); }; class Programme { int PID; protected: char Title[30]; public: Programme(); void Commence(); void View();</pre>	
	<pre>class Faculty { int FCode; protected: char FName[20]; public: Faculty(); void Enter(); void Show(); }; class Programme { int PID; protected: char Title[30]; public: Programme(); void Commence(); void View(); };</pre>	

```
Schedule();
               void Start();
               void View();
       void main()
               Schedule S;
                                    //Statement 1
                                     //Statement 2
       Write the names of all the member functions, which are directly accessible
(i)
       by the object S of class Schedule as declared in main() function.
       Write the names of all the members, which are directly accessible by the
(ii)
       memberfunction Start() of class Schedule.
       Write Statement 2 to call function View() of class Programme from the
(iii)
       object S of class Schedule.
       What will be the order of execution of the constructors, when the object S
(iv)
       of class Schedule is declared inside main()?
                                           OR
(d)
       Consider the following class State:
                      class State
                      protected:
                      int tp;
                      public:
                      State() { tp=0;}
                      void inctp() { tp++;};
                      int gettp(); { return tp; }
                      };
               Write a code in C++ to publically derive another class 'District'
               with the following additional members derived in the public
               visibility mode.
              Data Members:
              Dname
                               string
               Distance
                              float
              Population
                              long int
               Member functions:
                      DINPUT(): To enter Dname, Distance and population
                      DOUTPUT(): To display the data members on the screen.
```

3	(a)	Write a user-defined function AddEnd4(int A[][4],int R,int C) in C++ to find and display the sum of all the values, which are ending with 4 (i.e., unit place is 4). For example if the content of array is: $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(2)
		OR	
	(a)	Write a user defined function in C++ to find the sum of both left and right diagonal elements from a two dimensional array.	
	(b)	Write a user-defined function EXTRA_ELE(int A[], int B[], int N) in C++ to find and display the extra element in Array A. Array A contains all the elements of array B but one more element extra. (Restriction: array elements are not in order)	(3)
		Example If the elements of Array A is 14, 21, 5, 19, 8, 4, 23, 11 and the elements of Array B is 23, 8, 19, 4, 14, 11, 5 Then output will be 21	
	(b)	Write a user defined function Reverse(int A[],int n) which accepts an integer array and its size as arguments(parameters) and reverse the array. Example: if the array is 10,20,30,40,50 then reversed array is 50,40,30,20,10	
	(c)	An array S[10] [30] is stored in the memory along the column with each of its element occupying 2 bytes. Find out the memory location of S[5][10], if element S[2][15] is stored at the location 8200.	(3)
		OR	
	(c)	An array A[30][10] is stored in the memory with each element requiring 4 bytes of storage ,if the base address of A is 4500 ,Find out memory locations of A[12][8], if the content is stored along the row.	
	(d)	Write the definition of a member function Ins_Player() for a class CQUEUE in C++, to add a Player in a statically allocated circular queue of PLAYERs considering the following code is already written as a part of the program: struct Player { long Pid; char Pname[20];	(4)

		<pre>}; const int size=10; class CQUEUE { Player Ar[size]; int Front, Rear; public: CQUEUE() { Front = -1; Rear = -1; } void Ins_Player(); // To add player in a static circular queue</pre>	
		<pre>void Del_Player(); // To remove player from a static circular queue void Show_Player(); // To display static circular queue };</pre>	
		OR	
	(d)	Write a function in C++ to delete a node containing Books information ,from a dynamically allocated stack of Books implemented with the help of the following structure: struct Book { int BNo; char BName[20]; Book *Next; };	
	(e)	Convert the following Infix expression to its equivalent Postfix expression, showing the stack contents for each step of conversion. A/B+C*(D-E)	(2)
		OR	
		Evaluate the following Postfix expression: 4,10,5,+,*,15,3,/,-	
4	(a)	Write a function RevText() to read a text file "Input.txt" and Print only word starting with 'I' in reverse order. Example: If value in text file is: INDIA IS MY COUNTRY Output will be: AIDNI SI MY COUNTRY	(2)
		OR	
	(a)	Write a function in C++ to count the number of lowercase alphabets present in a text file "BOOKtxt".	

```
(b)
       Write a function in C++ to search and display details, whose destination is
                                                                                      (3)
       "Cochin" from binary file "Bus.Dat". Assuming the binary file is
       containing the objects of the following class:
       class BUS
               int Bno;
                                            // Bus Number
               char From[20];
                                            // Bus Starting Point
               char To[20];
                                            // Bus Destination
            public:
                char * StartFrom ( ); { return From; }
                char * EndTo( ); { return To; }
                void input() { cin>>Bno>>; gets(From); get(To); }
                void show( ) { cout<<Bno<< ":"<<From << ":" <<To<<endl; }</pre>
       };
                                           OR
(b)
       Write a function in C++ to add more new objects at the bottom of a binary
       file "STUDENT.dat", assuming the binary file is containing the objects of
       the following class:
       class STU
       int Rno:
       char Sname[20];
       public: void Enter()
       cin>>Rno;gets(Sname);
       void show()
       count << Rno<<sname<<endl;
       };
       Find the output of the following C++ code considering that the binary file
                                                                                    (1)
(c)
       PRODUCT.DAT exists on the hard disk with a list of data of 500 products.
       class PRODUCT
                      int PCode; char PName[20];
              public:
                      void Entry();void Disp();
       };
       void main()
              fstream In;
              In.open("PRODUCT.DAT",ios::binary|ios::in);
              PRODUCT P;
              In.seekg(0,ios::end);
              cout << "Total Count: " << In.tellg()/sizeof(P) << endl;
```

	(c)	In.r In.r cou In.c }	seekg(70*sizeof read((char*)&P read((char*)&P at<<"At Produc close();	, sizeof(P)); , sizeof(P)); t:"< <in.tell§< th=""><th>g()/sizeof(</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></in.tell§<>	g()/sizeof(
5	(a)	Observe th Table:Pro	e following tab	le and answ	er the par	ts(i) and(ii)) acco	ordingly	(2)
		Pno	o Nar	ne	Qty	p ₁ ·	ırchas	seDate	
		101			102			-2011	
		102			201			-2013	
		103			90			-2010	
		109			90			-2012	
		113			900			-2011	
	(ii) (b)	Write SQL	e degree and car a queries for (i) th are based on	to (iv) and the tables.	find outpu		queri	ies (v) to	(4+2)
		TID	NAME	TRAIN	<u>IER</u>	HIDEDA	TE	CALADY	
		I 	JNAINA	CITY MUMBA	J	HIREDA 1998-10-		SALARY 90000	
			NAMIKA	DELHI		1994-12-2		80000	
		I 	EEPTI	CHANDI	IGARG	2001-12-2	-	82000	
			EENAKSHI	DELHI		2002-12-2		78000	
			CHA	MUMBA		1996-01-	-	95000	
		106 M	ANIPRABHA	CHENNA	<u> </u>	2001-12-	12	69000	
				COU	URSE				
		CID	CNAME	FEES	STAR	ГДАТЕ	TID)	
		C201	AGDCA	12000	2018-0		101		
		C202	ADCA	15000	2018-0		103		
		C203 C204	DCA DDTP	10000	2018-1 2018-0		102 104		
		C204	DHN	20000	2018-0		104		
		C206	O LEVEL	18000	2018-0		105		
			<u> </u>		1				

	(i)	Display the Trainer Name, City & Salary in descending order of their Hiredate.	
	(ii)	To display the TNAME and CITY of Trainer who joined the Institute in the month of December 2001.	
	(iii)	To display TNAME, HIREDATE, CNAME, STARTDATE from tables TRAINER and COURSE of all those courses whose FEES is less than or equal to 10000.	
	(iv)	To display number of Trainers from each city.	
	(v)	SELECT TID, TNAME, FROM TRAINER WHERE CITY NOT IN('DELHI', 'MUMBAI');	
	(vi)	SELECT DISTINCT TID FROM COURSE;	
	(vii)	SELECT TID, COUNT(*), MIN(FEES) FROM COURSE GROUP BY TID HAVING COUNT(*)>1;	
	(viii)	SELECT COUNT(*), SUM(FEES) FROM COURSE WHERE STARTDATE< '2018-09-15';	
6	(a)	State any one Distributive Law of Boolean Algebra and Verify it using truth table.	(2)
	(b)	Draw the Logic Circuit of the following Boolean Expression: ((U + V').(U + W)). (V + W')	(2)
	(c)	Derive a Canonical SOP expression for a Boolean function F(X,Y,Z) represented by the following truth table:	(1)
		X Y Z F(X,Y,Z) 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1	
		1 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1	
	(d)	Reduce the following Boolean Expression to its simplest form using K-Map:	(3)
		$F(X,Y,Z,W) = \Sigma (0,1,2,3,4,5,8,10,11,14)$	

7 (a)	Arun opened his e-mail and found that his inbox was full of hundreds of unwanted mails. It took him around two hours to delete these unwanted mails and find the relevant ones in his inbox. What may be the cause of his receiving so many unsolicited mails? What can Arun do to prevent this happening in future?	(2)
(b)	Assume that 50 employees are working in an organization. Each employee has been allotted a separate workstation to work. In this way, all computers are connected through the server and all these workstations are distributed over two floors. In each floor, all the computers are connected to a switch. Identify the type of network?	(1)
(c)	Your friend wishes to install a wireless network in his office. Explain him the difference between guided and unguided media.	(1)
(d)	Write the expanded names for the following abbreviated terms used in Networking and Communications: (i) CDMA (ii) HTTP (iii) XML (iv) URL	(2)
(e)	Multipurpose Public School, Bangluru is Setting up the network between its Different Wings of school campus. There are 4 wings namedasSENIOR(S),JUNIOR(J),ADMIN(A)andHOSTEL(H). Multipurpose Public School, Bangluru SENIOR JUNIOR JUNIOR HOSTEL	(4)

		Distancebetw	weenvario	ouswings	aregivenbel	ow:	
		WingAtoWing	gS		100m		
		WingAtoWing	WingAtoWingJ WingStoWingJ WingStoWingH		200m		
		WingAtoWing			400m		
		WingStoWing			300m		
		WingStoWing			100m		
		WingJtoWing	gH		450m		
	Number of	Computers install	led at vario	us wings a	re as follows:		
		Wings	Nu	mberofCo	Computers		
		WingA	20				
		WingS	15	0			
		WingJ	50				
		WingH	Н 25				
(i)		e best wired med rious wings of Mu			•	•	
(ii)	Namethe installed.		most suitablewing wherethe Servershouldbe stifyyour answer. vice/software and its placement that would provide for the entire network of the School. vice and the protocol that shall be needed to provide wireless as to all smartphone/laptop users in the campus of Public School, Bangluru.				
(iii)							
(iv)							