## Section 3d: General Studies–Ecology and Environment

**Q.113** If B is Natality, D is Mortality, I is Immigration, E is Emigration, and  $N_t$  is population at time t, then the population  $N_{(t+1)}$  is

(1 mark)

- [A]  $N_t + [(B+D) (I+E)]$
- [B]  $N_t + [(B+I) (D+E)]$
- [C]  $N_t + [(I+E) (B+D)]$
- [D]  $N_t + [(D+E) (B+I)]$
- **Q.114** The current human population of a developing area in India is 1 million and the carrying capacity is 2 million. If the intrinsic rate of natural increase per capita for the population is 0.02, then the estimated rate of increase in population for the "logistic growth model" is

(1 mark)

- [A] 1000
- [B] 10000
- [C] 2000
- [D] 20000
- Q.115 Net primary productivity is

(1 mark)

- [A] Gross primary productivity Respiration + Transpiration
- [B] Gross primary productivity Respiration
- [C] Gross primary productivity Transpiration
- [D] Gross primary productivity Respiration Transpiration

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**Q.116** In the last 3 billion years there were five episodes of mass extinction of species. The estimated rates for the sixth extinction (current) are

(1 mark)

- [A] 10 to 20 times faster
- [B] 10 to 50 times faster
- [C] 10 to 100 times faster
- [D] 100 to 1000 times faster
- **Q.117** The gases responsible for global warming are

(1 mark)

- [A] carbon dioxide, sulphur dioxide, hydrocarbons and carbon monoxide.
- [B] carbon dioxide, methane, chlorofluoro carbons and halogens.
- [C] carbon dioxide, methane, hydrocarbons and carbon monoxide.
- [D] chlorofluoro carbons, halogens, hydrocarbons and carbon monoxide.
- **Q.118** Presence of excess nitrate in drinking water causes

(1 mark)

- [A] skeletal nitrosis
- [B] black foot disease
- [C] blue baby syndrome
- [D] foot in the mouth disease
- **Q.119** Among the following, the least abundant gas in Earth's atmosphere is (1 mark)

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- [A] carbon dioxide
- [B] methane
- [C] argon
- [D] hydrogen

Q.120 The Chipko movement to protect trees started in (1 mark) [A] Kashmir [B] West Bengal [C] Madhya Pradesh [D] Uttarakhand Q.121 In a grass  $\rightarrow$  deer  $\rightarrow$  tiger food chain, for a grass biomass of 1000 t (t = tonne), the typical tiger biomass supported is in the range of (1 mark) [A] 10 t to 100 t [B] 1 t to 10 t [C] 10 kg to 100 kg [D] 1 kg to 10 kg Q.122 Most useful wavelength regions of solar energy for efficient photosynthesis are (1 mark) [A] green and red [B] blue and red [C] blue and green [D] green and violet Q.123 For removal of air pollutants, scrubber device uses (1 mark) [A] liquid spray [B] filters [C] electrodes

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[D] catalyst

**Q.124** The concentration of an aqueous salt solution in parts per trillion (ppt) is equivalent to number of nanogram of the salt dissolved in

(1 mark)

- [A] 10 gm of water
- [B] 1000 gm of water
- [C] 100 gm of water
- [D] 10000 gm of water

Q.125 The tidal effect is primarily due to

(1 mark)

- [A] the gravitational force of the Moon only.
- [B] the centrifugal force of the Earth's rotation only.
- [C] combination of the gravitational force of the Moon and the centrifugal force of the Earth's rotation.
- [D] the gravitational force of the Sun only.

**Q.126** Eutrophication of water body is primarily due to the enrichment of

(1 mark)

- [A] phosphorus
- [B] nitrogen
- [C] carbon
- [D] potassium

## Q.127 This question carries 2 marks. One option or more options is/are correct answer(s) to this question.

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The major cause(s) of land degradation and subsequent soil erosion in relative terms at the global level is/are

(2 marks)

- [A] over grazing
- [B] deforestation
- [C] agriculture
- [D] industrial activity

## Q.128 This question carries 2 marks. One option or more options is/are correct answer(s) to this question.

Ramsar convention address(es)

(2 marks)

- [A] conservation of terrestrial biodiversity
- [B] conservation of marine diversity
- [C] conservation of wetland
- [D] conservation of mangroves and coral reefs