# NTSE STAGE – I ENGLISH

PAPER - I - B

**SLS - 2016 - 17** 

Time : 45 Minutes

Full Marks : 50 No. of items : 50

## **INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. Each question has four probable answers of which one is correct. You have to choose the correct one and blacken your choice in the OMR answer sheet by a black/blue ball point pen.

response.

ROLL NO. : \_\_\_\_\_

NAME : \_\_\_\_\_

# **ENGLISH**

### Directions (1-5): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow it:

Poetry is the language of the imagination and the passions. It relates to whatever gives immediate pleasure or pain to the human mind. It comes home to the bosoms and businesses of men, for nothing but what comes home to them in the most general and intelligible shape can be a subject for poetry. Poetry is the universal language which the heart holds with nature and itself. He who has a contempt for poetry cannot have much respect for himself or for anything else. Wherever there is a sense of beauty or power or harmony as in the motion of a wave of the sea.\, in the growth of a flower, there is poetry in its birth.

1. Poetry is the language that stems from:

(A) the imagination(B) the passions(C) the imagination and passions(D) the intellect

2. Poetry relates to that matter:

(A) which gives nothing to human mind (B) which titillates human mind

(C) which irritates human mind (D) which gives immediate pleasure or pain to human mind

3. What can be a subject for poetry:

(A) that which comes in opaque shape (B) that which comes in the most general and intelligible shape

(C) that which comes in intangible shape

(D) that which comes in particular shape

4. Poetry is the universal language because:

(A) the heart cannot hold with nature(B) the mind holds with itself(C) the heart holds with nature and itself(D) the passion holds with itself

5. There is poetry in its birth wherever:

- (A) there is a sense of beauty or power or harmony
- (B) there is a chaotic scene
- (C) there is music in high pitch
- (D) there is disharmony and discord

#### Directions (6-10): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow it:

A gentleman is he who never inflicts pain. He is mainly occupied in merely removing the obstacles which hinder the free and unembarrassed action of those about him and he concurs with their movements rather than takes the initiative himself. His benefits may be considered as a parallel to what are called comforts or conveniences in arrangements of a personal nature, like an easy chair or a good fire which do their part in dispelling cold and fatigue, though nature provides both means of rest and animal heat without them.

6. A gentleman is he:

(A) who looks after himself (B) who behaves politely with others

(C) who never inflicts pain (D) who shies away

7. A gentleman is mainly occupied in:

- (A) removing the obstacles which hinder free and unembarrassed action
- (B) causing obstacles
- (C) helping other people
- (D) solving their problem
- 8. His benefits may be considered as a parallel to what are called comforts or convenience in arrangements of:

(A) a general nature (B) a social nature (C) a protective nature (D) a personal nature

9. An easy chair and a good fire help in:

(A) diffusing fatigue (B) dispelling cold and fatigue

(C) generating comfort zone (D) provides coziness

10. Nature provides both means of rest and animal heat without:

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	(A) comforts and co	onvenience	(B) arrangements of (D) an easy chair or		
To form	forgive an injury is of self to be carried away to natural passions. The puts the wrong doer	often considered to be a by by resentment and hat the man who forgives an i	te into an act of vengeance, injury proves himself to be the	e questions that follow it: lly a sign of strength. It is easy to allow but it takes a strong character to restrain the superior of the man who wronged him friend. So mercy is the noblest form of	
11.	(A) it is an act of pi	iety and compassion carried away by resentmopress anger	be a sign of weakness because and hatred and indulge in		
12.	<ul><li>(A) a weak character</li><li>(B) a character is no</li><li>(C) a character is no</li></ul>	y is really a sign of strenger likes it ot easily ever taken by reot carried away by hatrecter restrains those natural	esentment d		
13.		enerosity and puts the wr provoked injury is inferior	nself to be the superior becau cong doer to shame	ise	
14.	A foe may be turned (A) vengeance	d into a friend through (B) anger	(C) forgiveness	(D) ignorance	
15.	The noblest form of (A) hatred	f revenge is (B) malice	(C) mercy	(D) vengeance	
		n the following three-som the given options to		ond sentences are missing. Choose the	
16.	smoking.	-		veets, too much food, drinking liquor or	
	2 –				
17.	1 – It is the height of education	of selfishness for men w	ho fully appreciate in their	own case, the great advantages of a good	

2 –

- 3 It is argued that women have their domestic duties to perform and if they were educated they would bury themselves in their books and have little time to manage the household.
- (A) The men deny the advantage of good education to women
- (B) Women are less intelligent
- (C) Women shall dominate men by receiving education
- (D) Women education is imperative for empowerment

Directions (18-19): The following passages have five sentence each. In each passage the first and last sentence are given. Choose the order in which the three sentences (PQR) should appear to complete the paragraph.

no

18.	S2 –			r and condemned him to death.
	S4 – S5 – The clever jester a P – But the king refuse Q – The Jester fell on h	at once turned this concessing to alter his sentence. This knees and pleaded for his ented and asked the Jester to (B) PRQ	on to his advantaged by sa	ying, "1 choose to die of old age."
19.	S2 – S3 –	s daughter was going to ma		
	S5 – With great exciter P – She refused brillian Q – She dreamt of becomes		pride and the can of milk	
Dire	ctions (20 – 23): Choose	e the correct spelling of fo	ollowing words from the c	options provided.
20.	(A) pneminia	(B) niemonia	(C) neumunia	(D) pneumonia
21.	(A) accommodation	(B) ackomodation	(C) acommodation	(D) accomodation
22.	(A) anterprenure	(B) interpreneur	(C) entrepreneur	(D) enterprenure
23.	(A) superitedent	(B) supuritedent	(C) separintendent	(D) superintendent
		following passage there forms of the verb for each		nks. Fill in the blanks by selecting otions.
		ne people all over India as one foreigners where we <u>29</u> a		26 foolish to 27 it from our lives just ind by English men.
24.	(A) bound	(B) was binding	(C) has been binding	(D) is bound
25.	(A) were	(B) is	(C) are	(D) was
26.	(A) was	(B) were	(C) is	(D) would be
27.	(A) ban	(B) banned	(C) have banned	(D) banning
28.	(A) was	(B) is	(C) were	(D) will be
29.	<ul><li>(A) are not refraining f</li><li>(C) will not refrain from</li></ul>		(B) have not refrained from (D) would not refrain from	
Dire	ctions (30 – 35): Choose	e the appropriate meanin	g from the following und	erlined phrases/idioms.
30.	One must account for contact (A) describe	one's action. (B) avoid	(C) narrate	(D) explain
31.	The meeting was put of (A) terminated	ff due to lack of quorum. (B) continued	(C) postponed	(D) delayed
32.	This kind of conduct ca (A) ignores	alls for severe action. (B) declares	(C) requires	(D) acquires

33.	Superstitions must be d (A) ignored	lone away with (B) continued	(C) carried	(D) abolished
34.	The president gave awa (A) distributed		(C) threw	(D) held
35.	The girl takes after her (A) dislikes	mother with her bad tempe (B) resembles	er. (C) misbehaves	(D) imitates
Dire	ctions (36 – 43): Fill in	the blanks with the most	appropriate option from	the given alternatives.
36.	An honest and compete (A) sinful	ent man is good for the (B) corrupt	office of Chairn	nan. (D) hollowed
37.	My friend's wife forgo (A) dessert	t to serve at (B) tea	t the end of the dinner. (C) coffee	(D) liquor
38.	His handwriting is total (A) eligible	lly (B) illegitimate	(C) illegible	(D) invisible
39.		per of examples to (B) damage		rticipants. (D) boost
40.	A star is a(A) stationery	object but a planet is a mo (B) stationary	oving object (C) rambling	(D) cacophonous
41.	The two wrestlers are e	engaged in a (B) duet	(C) duel	(D) slanging match
42.	The type of mathemat	ics that deals with the rela	ationship between the side	es and angles of a triangle is called
	(A) geometry	(B) trigonometry	(C) calculus	(D) arithmetic
43.	He could not put a(A) robe		(C) cloak	(D) bridle
Dire	ctions $(44 - 47)$ : Find si	ingle words for each of th	e following expressions.	
44.	A notice showing only (A) declaration	the good qualities of a thin (B) index	g (C) nomenclature	(D) advertisement
45.	The line of latitude on (A) The tropic of Capri (C) The tropics	the north of the equator.	(B) The tropic of Cancer (D) The trough line	
46.	Concerning an animal (A) accommodative	or vehicle adapted for both (B) bipolar	land and water. (C) amphibious	(D) ingenious
47.	The politician gave an (A) pertinent	equivocal answer (B) evasive	(C) smart	(D) ambiguous
Dire	ctions (48 – 50): Choose	e the antonym of the undo	erlined word from the alt	ernatives.
48.	The minister is explicit (A) concealed	on the issue of abortion. (B) velied	(C) implicit	(D) suitable
49.	Conservatives always b (A) alignment	pelieve in the policy of state (B) reform	us quo. (C) violence	(D) entanglement

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Covernment should lay down financial rules in a transport result.	
(A) clear (B) lazy (C) opaque	(D) confusing
	Government should lay down financial rules in a transparent manner.